



SECTION 2: HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION (continued)

- P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
- P102: Keep out of reach of children.
- P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P211: Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P251: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P271: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280: Wear protective gloves/face protection/protective clothing.

P304+P340: IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P410+P412: Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122°F.

P501: Dispose of the contents/containers according to the local, state and federal regulations.

Substances that contribute to the classification

alkanes, C14-17, chloro; 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

Additional labeling:

FEDERAL HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES ACT REGULATIONS (§1500.130 Self-pressurized containers: labeling): Warning—contents under pressure.

Do not puncture or incinerate container. Do not expose to heat or store at temperatures above 120 °F. Keep out of the reach of children.

2.3 Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC):

Non-applicable

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances:

Non-applicable

3.2 Mixtures:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of organic substances

Components:

Remaining components are non-hazardous and/or present at amounts below reportable limits. The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200. Therefore, in accordance with Appendix D to § 1910.1200, the product contains:

	Identification	Chemical name/Classification	Concentration
CAS:	9016-87-9	4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues Acute Tox. 4: H332; Carc. 2: H351; Eye Irrit. 2A: H319; Resp. Sens. 1: H334; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1: H317; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	40 - <60 %
CAS:	25791-96-2	Glycerol, propoxylated Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Warning	10 - <20 %
CAS:	85535-85-9	alkanes, C14-17, chloro Carc. 2: H351; Lact.: H362 - Warning	5 - <10 %
CAS:	115-10-6	dimethyl ether Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	5 - <10 %
CAS:	75-28-5	Isobutane Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	5 - <10 %
CAS:	25322-69-4	Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Warning	5 - <10 %
CAS:	1244733-77-4	Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2-methyloxirane Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Warning	2,5 - <5 %
CAS:	74-98-6	Propane Flam. Gas 1A: H220; Press. Gas: H280 - Danger	2,5 - <5 %

SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of necessary measures:



SECTION 4: FIRST-AID MEASURES (continued)

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

By inhalation:

Remove the person affected from the area of exposure, provide with fresh air and keep at rest. In serious cases such as cardiorespiratory failure, artificial resuscitation techniques will be necessary (mouth to mouth resuscitation, cardiac massage, oxygen supply, etc.) requiring immediate medical assistance.

By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, as this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product. By ingestion/aspiration:

Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. Keep the person affected at rest. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary:

Non-applicable

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media:

If possible use polyvalent powder fire extinguishers (ABC powder), alternatively use foam or carbon dioxide extinguishers (CO).

Unsuitable extinguishing media:

IT IS RECOMMENDED NOT to use full jet water as an extinguishing agent.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

5.3 Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and individual respiratory equipment. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) Additional provisions:

As in any fire, prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Only properly trained personnel should be involved in firefighting. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the fire area. Destroy any source of ignition. In case of fire, refrigerate the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to inflammation. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

For non-emergency personnel:

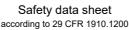
Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Evacuate the area and keep out those who do not have protection.

For emergency responders:

See section 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions:

This product is not classified as hazardous to the environment. Keep product away from drains, surface and underground water.





SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES (continued)

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

It is recommended:

Absorb the spillage using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. For any concern related to disposal consult section 13.

6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- Precautions for safe manipulation

Comply with the current standards 29 CFR 1910 Occupational Safety and Health Standards. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Product is non-flammable under normal conditions of storage, manipulation and use. It is recommended to transfer at slow speeds to avoid the generation of electrostatic charges that can affect flammable products. Consult section 10 for information on conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations to prevent ergonomic and toxicological risks

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

It is recommended to have absorbent material available at close proximity to the product (See subsection 6.3)

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A.- Technical measures for storage

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated location

B.- General conditions for storage

Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

7.3 Specific end use(s):

7.2

Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace:

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000):

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Propane	8-hour TWA PEL	1000 ppm	1800 mg/m ³
CAS: 74-98-6	Ceiling Values - TWA PEL		

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values:

Identification	Occupa	ational exposure lir	nits
dimethyl ether	TLV-TWA	1000 ppm	
CAS: 115-10-6	TLV-STEL		
Isobutane	TLV-TWA		
CAS: 75-28-5	TLV-STEL	1000 ppm	

CALIFORNIA- TABLE AC-1 PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS FOR CHEMICAL CONTAMINANTS:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Propane	PEL	1000 ppm	1800 mg/m ³
CAS: 74-98-6	STEL		

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment



SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Always provide effective general and, when necessary, local exhaust ventilation to maintain the ambient workplace atmosphere below the exposure limits.. For more information on Personal Protection Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For additional information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation, the information on clothing performance must be combined with professional judgment, and a clear understanding of the clothing application, to provide the best protection to the worker. All chemical protective clothing use must be based on a hazard assessment to determine the risks for exposure to chemicals and other hazards. Conduct hazard assessments in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.132.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract protection	Filter mask for gases, vapours and particles	Replace when an increase in resistence to breathing is observed and/or a smell or taste of the contaminant is detected. Use respirator in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.134 (29CFR).

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	NON-disposable chemical protective gloves	The Breakthrough Time indicated by the manufacturer must exceed the period during which the product is being used. Do not use protective creams after the product has come into contact with skin. Use gloves in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.138 (29CFR)

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Ocular and facial protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory face protection	Face shield	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing. Use this PPE in accordance with manufacturer's use limitations and OSHA standard 1910.133 (29CFR)

E.- Bodily protection

Pictogram	PPE	Remarks
Mandatory complete body protection	Disposable clothing for protection against chemical risks, with antistatic and fireproof properties	For professional use only. Clean periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions.
Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear for protection against chemical risk, with antistatic and heat resistant properties	

F.- Additional emergency measures

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
Emergency shower	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	Evewash stations	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011

Environmental exposure controls:

In accordance with the community legislation for the protection of the environment it is recommended to avoid environmental spillage of both the product and its container. For additional information see subsection 7.1.D **National volatile organic compound emission standards (40 CFR Part 59):**

- V.O.C. (Subpart C Consumer): 18.67 % weight
- V.O.C. (Coatings) at 68 °F:
- 182.97 kg/m³ (182.97 g/L)



A P A	nformation on basic physical and chemical properti Appearance: Physical state at 68 °F:	es:
P	Physical state at 68 °F:	
А	•	
		Aerosol
C	Appearance:	Not available
	Color:	Light yellow
C	Ddor:	Not available
C	Ddour threshold:	Non-applicable *
v	/olatility:	
В	Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	11 °F (Propellant)
V	/apour pressure at 68 ⁰F:	Non-applicable *
V	/apour pressure at 122 ⁰F:	<300000 Pa (300 kPa)
E	vaporation rate at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
P	Product description:	
D	Density at 68 ⁰F:	980 kg/m³
R	Relative density at 68 ºF:	Non-applicable *
D	Dynamic viscosity at 68 ⁰F:	Non-applicable *
к	(inematic viscosity at 68 ⁰F:	Non-applicable *
K	(inematic viscosity at 104 ⁰F:	Non-applicable *
C	Concentration:	Non-applicable *
р	H:	Non-applicable *
V	/apour density at 68 ⁰F:	Non-applicable *
P	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
S	Solubility in water at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
S	Solubility properties:	Non-applicable *
D	Decomposition temperature:	Non-applicable *
Ν	lelting point/freezing point:	Non-applicable *
R	Recipient pressure:	Non-applicable *
F	lammability:	
F	lash Point:	Non-applicable
F	lammability (solid, gas):	Non-applicable *
A	Autoignition temperature:	860 °F (Propellant)
L	ower flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
U	Jpper flammability limit:	Non-applicable *
Р	Particle characteristics:	
Ν	<i>l</i> edian equivalent diameter:	Non-applicable
9.2 C	Other information:	
Ir	nformation with regard to physical hazard classes:	
E	Explosive properties:	Non-applicable *
C	Dxidising properties:	Non-applicable *
C	Corrosive to metals:	Non-applicable *
Н	leat of combustion:	Non-applicable *
C	verosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components: Other safety characteristics:	Non-applicable *
	Surface tension at 68 °F:	Non-applicable *
	Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing informat	



SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES (continued)

Refraction index:

Non-applicable *

*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing information property of its hazards.

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity:

No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7.

10.2 Chemical stability:

Chemically stable under the conditions of storage, handling and use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions:

Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.

10.4 Conditions to avoid:

Applicable for handling and storage at room temperature:

Shock and friction	Contact with air	Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity
Not applicable	Not applicable	Risk of combustion	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable

10.5 Incompatible materials:

Acids	Water	Oxidising materials	Combustible materials	Others
Avoid strong acids	Not applicable	Avoid direct impact	Not applicable	Avoid alkalis or strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products:

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO2), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects: 11.1

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Contains glycols. With possibility of effects that are hazardous to the health, it is recommended not to breathe the vapours for long periods of time.

Dangerous health implications:

In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than recommended by the occupational exposure limits, it may result in adverse effects on health depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for consumption. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.
- B- Inhalation (acute effect):
 - Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, however, it contains substances classified as dangerous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
 - Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
 - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
 - Contact with the eyes: Produces eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
 - Carcinogenicity: Exposure to this product can cause cancer. For more specific information on the possible health effects see section 2.
 - IARC: alkanes, C14-17, chloro (2B); 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues (3)
 - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
 - Reproductive toxicity: May cause harm to breast-fed children



SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

- E- Sensitizing effects:
 - Respiratory: Prolonged exposure can result in specific respiratory hypersensitivity.
 - Cutaneous: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:

- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can cause a breakdown in the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness.

- Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

H- Aspiration hazard:

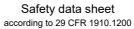
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as dangerous for this effect. For more information see section 3.

Other information:

Non-applicable

Specific toxicology information on the substances:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Glycerol, propoxylated	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg (ATEi)	
CAS: 25791-96-2	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated	LD50 oral	1000 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 25322-69-4	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
alkanes, C14-17, chloro	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 85535-85-9	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2-methyloxirane	LD50 oral	632 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1244733-77-4	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>20 mg/L (4 h)	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 9016-87-9	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	11 mg/L (4 h) (ATEi)	
Isobutane	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 75-28-5	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
Propane	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 74-98-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	>5 mg/L (4 h)	
dimethyl ether	LD50 oral	>5000 mg/kg	
CAS: 115-10-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	
	LC50 inhalation	308.5 mg/L (4 h)	Rat





Produ	ct-specific aquatic toxicity:								
	Acute toxicity			Species			Genus		
EC50	1000 mg/L (48 h)			Daphnia magna		Crustacean			
EC50				Desmodesmus subspicatus		Algae			
	ance-specific aquatic toxicity: toxicity:								
	Identification		Concentration		Species		Genus		
Reacti	on products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2-methy	loxirane	LC50	100 mg/L (96 h)		Danio re	erio	Fish	
CAS: 1	244733-77-4		EC50	131 mg/L (48 h)		Daphnia n	nagna	Crustace	
			EC50	82 mg/L (72 h)		Pseudokirchneriella subcap		Algae	
Chro	nic toxicity:								
	Identification			Concentration Sp		Specie	es	Genus	
Reacti	Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2-methyloxirane			Non-applicable					
CAS: 1	CAS: 1244733-77-4			32 mg/L		Daphnia magna		Crustace	
Persis	tence and degradability:								
	Identification			Degradability		Biode	Biodegradability		
	Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2- methyloxirane BOD CAS: 1244733-77-4 COD BOD BOD		D5 Non-applicable Concentration		entration	ration 20 mg/L			
			OD Non-applicable		Period	Period 28		28 days	
			5/COD	OD Non-applicable % Biodegradable		14 %	14 %		
Bioac	cumulative potential:								
	Identification				Bioaccumulation potential				
Isobuta	Isobutane				BC	=	27		
CAS: 7	CAS: 75-28-5				Pov	v Log	2.76		
					Pot	ential	Low		
Reacti	Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2-methyloxirane			BC	=	8			
CAS: 1	CAS: 1244733-77-4		Pov	Pow Log 3.17					
				Pot	tential Low				
Propar	Propane			BC					
CAS: 7	CAS: 74-98-6				Pow Log 2.86		2.86	3	
					Pot	ential	Low		



Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200

Gunfoam All Season Black Foam

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION (continued)

Identification	Absorp	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
dimethyl ether	Koc	Non-applicable	Henry	Non-applicable	
CAS: 115-10-6	Conclusion	Non-applicable	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	1.136E-2 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Non-applicable	
Isobutane	Koc	35	Henry	120576.75 Pa·m³/mo	
CAS: 75-28-5	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	9.84E-3 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes	
Reaction products of phosphoryl trichloride and 2- methyloxirane	Koc	324.2	Henry	6E-3 Pa⋅m³/mol	
CAS: 1244733-77-4	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Non-applicable	
	Surface tension	Non-applicable	Moist soil	Non-applicable	
Propane	Koc	460	Henry	71636.78 Pa·m³/mol	
CAS: 74-98-6	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes	
	Surface tension	7.02E-3 N/m (77 °F)	Moist soil	Yes	

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Non-applicable

12.6 Other adverse effects:

Not described

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Disposal methods:

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations. In case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-dangerous residue. We do not recommended disposal down the drain. See epigraph 6.2.

Regulations related to waste management:

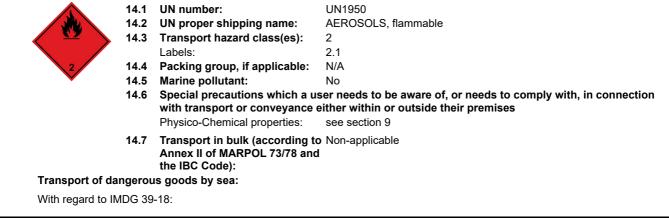
Legislation related to waste management:

40 CFR Part 261- IDENTIFICATION AND LISTING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport of dangerous goods by land:

With regard to 49 CFR on the Transport of Dangerous Goods:





	14.1	UN number:	UN1950
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, flammable
	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	2
		Labels:	2.1
$\langle - \rangle$	14.4	Packing group, if applicable:	N/A
	14.5	Marine pollutant:	No
2	14.6		ser needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection either within or outside their premises
		Special regulations:	63, 959, 190, 277, 327, 344
		EmS Codes:	F-D, S-U
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
		Limited quantities:	1L
		Segregation group:	Non-applicable
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	
Transport of o	dangerou	is goods by air:	
With regard to	IATA/ICA	AO 2021:	
	14.1	UN number:	UN1950
	14.2	UN proper shipping name:	AEROSOLS, flammable
	14.3	Transport hazard class(es):	2
		Labels:	2.1
2	14.4	Packing group, if applicable:	N/A
\checkmark	14.5	Marine pollutant:	No
	14.6	with transport or conveyance	ser needs to be aware of, or needs to comply with, in connection either within or outside their premises
		Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	14.7	Transport in bulk (according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code):	

spe р qu

Toxic chemical release reporting under EPCRA section 313 (40 CFR Part 372): 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues

California Proposition 65 (the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986): Non-applicable

The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) : 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues ; Glycerol,

propoxylated ; alkanes, C14-17, chloro ; dimethyl ether ; lsobutane ; Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated ; Propane

Massachusetts RTK - Substance List: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues ; alkanes, C14-17, chloro ; dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane

New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act: 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues ; alkanes, C14-17, chloro ; dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane

New York RTK - Substance list: dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane

Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law: dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane CANADA-Domestic Substances List (DSL): 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, isomers and homologues ; Glycerol,

propoxylated ; alkanes, C14-17, chloro ; dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated ; Propane

CANADA-Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL): Non-applicable

NTP (National Toxicology Program): Non-applicable

Minnesota - Hazardous substances ERTK: alkanes, C14-17, chloro ; dimethyl ether ; Isobutane ; Propane-1,2-diol, propoxylated ; Propane

Rhode Island - Hazardous substances RTK: dimethyl ether ; Propane

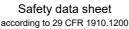
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1096): Non-applicable

Hazardous Air Pollutants (Clean Air Act): Non-applicable

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) - Reportable Quantities: Non-applicable Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as data used in a risk evaluation of the local circumstances in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the manipulation, use, storage and disposal of this product.

Other legislation:



SHOOT&FILL

Gunfoam All Season Black Foam

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION (continued)

Take into consideration other applicable federal, state, and local laws and local regulations.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Legislation related to safety data sheets:

This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with Appendix d to §1910.1200 - Safety data sheets

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H334: May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H362: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

29 CFR 1910.1200:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4: H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

Carc. 2: H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

Eye Irrit. 2A: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Gas 1A: H220 - Extremely flammable gas. Lact.: H362 - May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Press. Gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure, may explode if heated.

Resp. Sens. 1: H334 - May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

Advice related to training:

Minimal training is recommended to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product, in order to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

Principal bibliographical sources:

Occupational Safety & Health Administration (OSHA).

Abbreviations and acronyms:

IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code

IATA: International Air Transport Association

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5-day biochemical oxygen demand

BCF: Bioconcentration factor

LD50: Lethal Dose 50

CL50: Lethal Concentration 50

EC50: Effective concentration 50

Log-POW: Octanol-water partition coefficient

Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Other information:

Classification procedure:

Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method

Aerosol 1: Calculation method Aerosol 1: Calculation method

Carc. 2: Calculation method

Eye Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Lact.: Calculation method

Resp. Sens. 1: Calculation method

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method

Skin Sens. 1: Calculation method

STOT RE 2: Calculation method

STOT SE 3: Calculation method

Aquatic Chronic 4: Test data (FEICA Position Paper on the classification and labelling of One-Component Foam (OCF1) containing Mid Chained Chlorinated Paraffin (MCCP). (17.03.2015))

Safety data sheet according to 29 CFR 1910.1200



Gunfoam All Season Black Foam

Manufacturer Disclaimer: The information contained in this safety date sheet ("SDS") is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation. Furthermore, is based on data believed to be accurate; thus, the company does not assume any liability for its accuracy. The information provided herein cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of this product and the same is simply a description of the security requirements. The use, occupational methodology and/or conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control. It is ultimately the responsibility of the user(s) to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information of this SDS only refers to this product, which should not be used for purposes other than those specified. Finally, the manner in which this product is used and whether there is any infringement of patents is the sole responsibility of the user(s).

END OF SAFETY DATA SHEET

Printing: 9/10/2021

Revised: 7/29/2021